Using Clinical Data to Improve Patient Outcomes

For the first time physicians and hospitals are able to access advanced analytics utilizing clinical data, across all HIE participating providers from whom a patient has received care. Clinicians who use the KAMMCO dashboards can proactively manage the care of their patients in ways that have never been possible before while also establishing efficient methods to meet the new MIPS/APM reporting requirements.

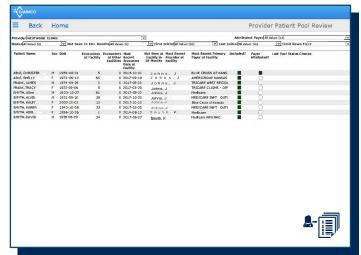
KAMMCO analytics dashboards can ease the transition to QPP reporting by providing physicians access to patients' aggregated data from the HIE presented through meaningful analysis.

Dashboards available include: Quality Metrics, High Risk Patient, Readmissions, Disease Registries, Population Health, Utilization, Behavioral Health, Patient Attribution, Controlled Substances, and Polychronic Patients.



High Risk Patient

High Risk Patient dashboard identifies patients considered most at risk for poor health outcomes, high resource utilization and in need of care coordination. Identifying high risk patients can help meet the Clinical Practice Improvement (CPI) requirements under MIPS. For this analysis, high risk patients are defined as patients with three or more chronic conditions and five or more emergency department visits in a 12-month period.



Patient Attribution

Patient Attribution provides a simple interface for management and assignment of patients based on provider and payer. The summary view displays patient name, visit activity and most recent primary provider and payer. Patient level encounter detail is available. Views include a provider specific list and an administrative overview of all patients.

To learn more about these and other KAMMCO dashboards or to schedule a dashboard demonstration, call 800.232.2259 or visit www.KAMMCO.com